- 1. How to discover your life's task;
 - 1. Primal inclination; what obsessed you as a child?
 - 2. Explore the general area until you find a perfect niche, free of politics and competition.
 - 3. Money, fame and recognition are not good reasons to pursue a given career.
 - 4. Change is inevitable and if you cannot adapt you will be left behind.
 - 5. If you deviate from your life's task, you must strive to find your way back. You must focus solely on the task itself, not the rewards it will bring.
 - 6. Reversal; if you are born with deficiencies, focus on the small things you can do.
 - 7. The False Self; the accumulated voices of other people, that over time you have convinced yourself is your own opinion. The false self does not value mastery as a goal unto itself, the false self does not believe mastery is possible for you. Do not believe the false self.
- 2. Serve an apprenticeship(5-10 years)
 - 1. There are three phases in an apprenticeship
 - 1. Passive Mode; observe and absorb.
 - 2. Practice Mode; your 10,000 hours.
 - 3. Active Mode; expose your work to criticism.
 - 2. Keys to apprenticeship phase;
 - 1. Value Learning over Money
 - 2. Keep Expanding your Horizons
 - 3. Revert to a feeling of Inferiority
 - 4. Trust the Process
 - 5. Move towards resistance and pain
 - 6. Apprentice yourself in failure(get used to it)
 - 7. Combine the 'how' and the 'what' (aim for deep learning)
 - 8. Advance through trial and error
 - 3. 'What about Genius?' No such thing, Mozart and Einstein both put in their 10,000hrs.
- 3. Seek a Mentor
 - 1. Learning from a good mentor is the most efficient path to mastery.
 - 2. There will come a time when you have to leave them, be forewarned, it may be painful.
 - 3. Reversal; in the absence of a flesh and bone mentor you must work harder. Read more than anyone else. Study public figures, second degree mentors, and recreate their voice inside your mind.
- 4. Social intelligence.
 - 1. Do not project your needs onto other people. See them as they are, and accept you cannot change them.
 - 2. Adapt yourself to the social and moral values of the environment you find yourself in.
 - 3. Speak through your work, skip the politics, instead focus on creating work of unassailable quality.
 - 4. Know thyself; your strengths, weaknesses and prejudices. Don't be afraid to change.
 - 5. Reversal; if you don't want to/can't learn social intelligence, focus on working for yourself or with small teams.
- 5. The creative active phase; where you combine a high level of knowledge with the flexibility to innovate.
 - 1. The Creative Breakthrough; persevere through your doubts.
 - 2. Strategies for the Creative active phase
 - 1. Learn the vocabulary of your art, so that you may express yourself fully.
 - 2. Start with a broad goal, narrow it down by selecting the path of greatest interest.
 - 3. Mechanical intelligence; whatever you are building you must test.
 - 4. Natural powers; you must allow space to wander, to discover your inclinations.
 - 5. The open field; Look inside yourself, and you'll see something unique.
 - 6. The high end; remind yourself of the big idea behind your project.
 - 7. Do not cling to your original idea stubbornly, be open to others. Let it evolve.
 - 8. Try to see the problem as a whole integrated thing, not a series of parts.
 - 9. The world is not black and white, explore the shades of grey.
 - 3. Reversal; discipline, self-control and emotional stability are the three pillars on which great art is built.